

The background of the slide is a solid red color. In the top left corner, the word "RUTGERS" is written in a large, white, serif font. Below it, in a smaller, white, sans-serif font, are the words "THE STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW JERSEY". A large, faint, circular watermark of the Rutgers University seal is visible in the background, centered behind the text.

RUTGERS

THE STATE UNIVERSITY
OF NEW JERSEY

Increasing the Re-Use of IT equipment through RFID and tracking

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Joint Work Rich Howard, Wade Trappe

IT Equipment Recycling and Reclamation

- Much IT equipment is not re-used/reclaimed
 - Laptops, servers, monitors, switches, NAS storage
 - Recycled for materials (e.g. gold, copper), not reclaimed
- Example equipment still usable
 - Old laptops
 - 10/100 switches
 - Tube Monitors
 - Desktops (for ages 1-3)
 - Specialized Servers (print)
 - Firewalls
 - Wireless APs

Example of non-reclamation



Incentivizing used IT equipment recovery

- Goal: Give the owner a \$ incentive to put used equipment in a secondary market
 - Analogy: bottle deposits -> recycled plastics -> composite decks
- Approach: Make the **reclamation cost < residual value**
- Challenges:
 - Residual value is low
 - Hard to place on secondary market
 - Reclamation cost is high

Low Residual Value

- Moore's Law: processor speed doubles every 18 months
- Corollary: value of IT equipment halves every 18 months
 - Simple model: \$2000 laptop -> \$125 after 4 years.
 - Real data: This \$2500 powerbook G4 , 2003, today is \$400.
- Rule of thumb: halves every year
- Can't do much about this ...

Secondary Markets for used IT equipment

- Current examples and limitations:
 - E-bay
 - Shipping, reputation, auctions
 - Rutgers surplus store
 - Pricing, inventory, payment
 - LCSR “junkyard”
 - Accessibility (only CS dept)
- Easy to use, secondary market for used IT equipment?
 - Not part of this talk
 - Examples:
 - Want 4 100-Mb/s switches, might pay \$20
 - Want a large pizza, get rid of some old server

Reducing Reclamation costs

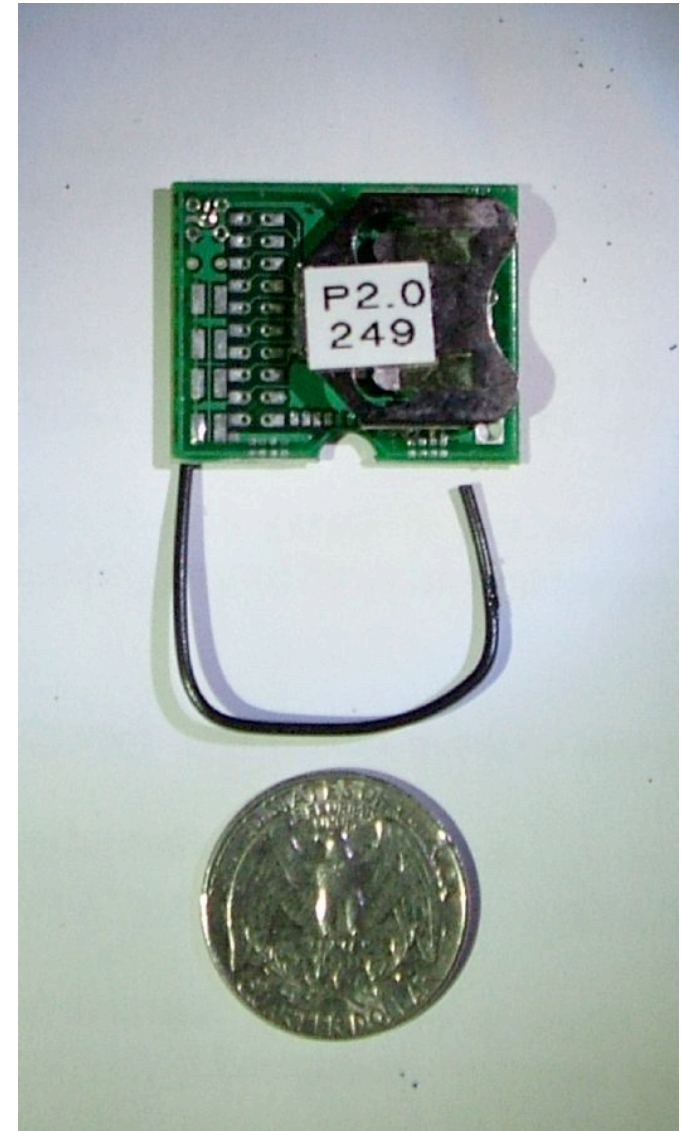
- Search costs higher than residual value
 - How long to find a piece of 5 year old equipment?
 - Takes several hours: not worth it.
 - Result: Buying new is much less time than finding the old!
- Track real-time position of all IT equipment
 - Instantaneous physical inventory
 - Remove search cost
- Many Mobile equipment scenarios
 - Laptops
 - Humans moving offices, leaving the organization

RFID + tracking to reduce location costs

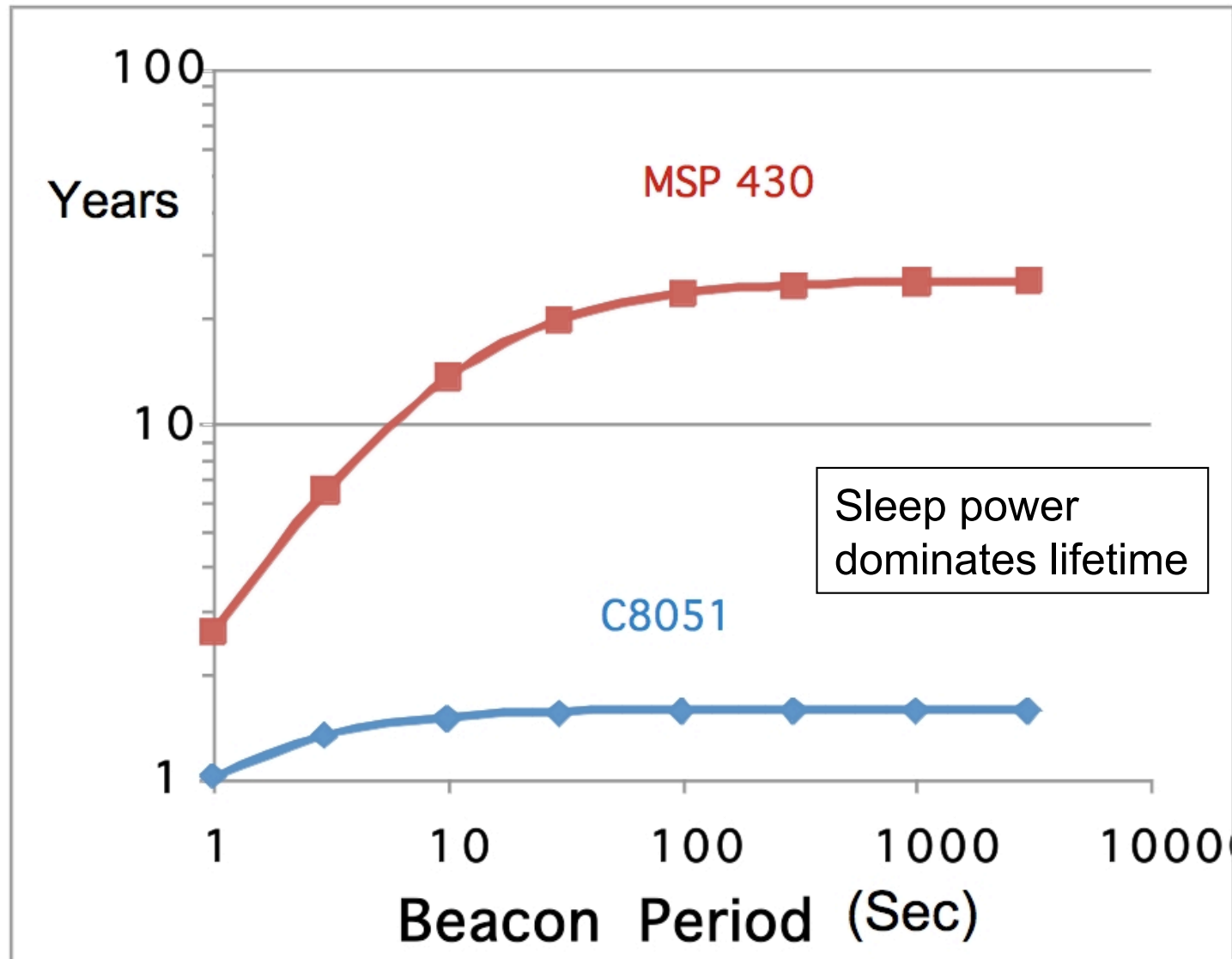
- Low cost active RFID tags
 - Active beaconing
 - 6-year battery lifetime
 - < \$10 @ small volumes, including the battery
- Room-level tracking
 - Can realize today
- Good enough for small IT equipment?
 - Hard drives, power supplies, cases.
 - \$1-\$2 tag?
 - Shelf-level accuracy?

Current Work: Next Generation Pipsqueak tag

- Rich Howard @ WINLAB
- Change the CPU
 - Lower power
- Roll-call protocol
 - No receive, TX only
- Single X-tal
 - Better sleep management
 - 1 Hz cycle time
- Reduce size 2X
 - Size of battery clip

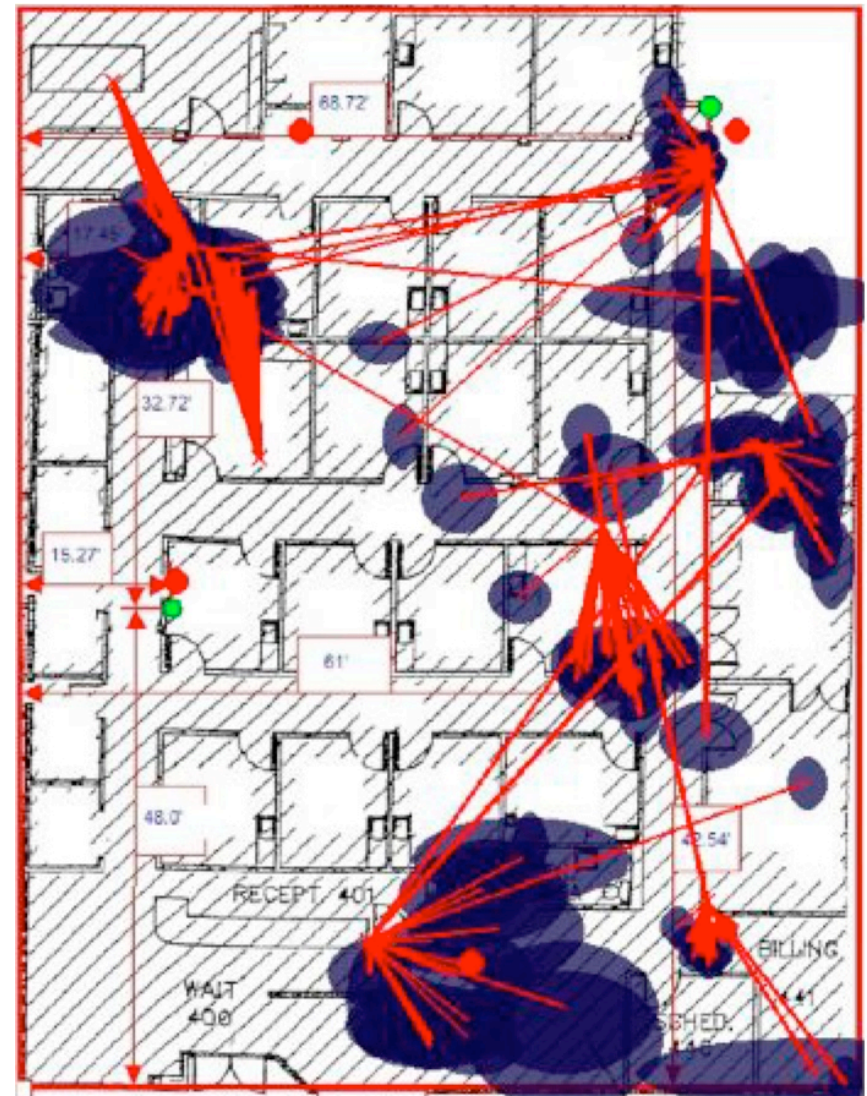


Expected lifetime model



Tracking Result

- Cancer Clinic @ Penn State
 - 80x100 ft
- Paper chart
 - Pipsqueak 2 tag
 - 1 second beacon interval
- Median accuracy 12 ft.
- Fixed costs of \$2.50 sq/ft.



- : Localized estimate +/- 1σ
- ✕ : Ground truth
- : Landmark

Conclusions and Future Work

- Improving Re-Use of IT equipment important part of Green Computing
 - Reducing the IT waste stream
- Efficient mechanisms to finding equipment
 - Can realize vision of instantaneous inventory snapshot in few years
- Actual residual values and reclamation potential of CS Dept.
- Matching current and future owners
 - Social, economic, market efficiency issues